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## (54) Title: STORING ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMITTED FACSIMILES ON A WEB SITE

#### (57) Abstract

The invention features a method and apparatus for using a facsimile (fax) machine (130) which is compatible with the World Wide Web (WWW) to store faxes on a web site (150), from which the faxes can later be viewed and retrieved by users through a computer (160) with a monitor (180) and a printer (190). The web site (150) on which the webcompatible fax machine (130) stores faxes is uniquely associated with the fax machine (130). The web-compatible fax machine (130) converts faxes into an appropriate format before storing them on the web site (150). Optionally, the web site (150) may be password-protected to prevent unauthorized users from accessing stored faxes.

Web Site Internet Local Area Network

Express Mail Label No. EV 175422739 US

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# Storing Electronically Transmitted Facsimiles on a Web Site

# 5 <u>Background of the Invention</u>

The invention relates to the storing of documents transmitted by facsimile on a World Wide Web site.

A conventional paper facsimile (fax) machine transmits a paper document by scanning the document,

10 converting it into a digital format, and transmitting the digital version of the document across a telephone connection. A fax machine at the other end of the telephone connection receives the digital version of the document and uses it to print a facsimile of the original document on paper.

Another kind of conventional fax machine, typically referred to as a fax modem, is connected directly to an I/O port of a computer. A fax modem does not accept paper input; rather, it creates an electronic 20 version of the document to be transmitted based on information stored in the computer's memory. Conventional fax modems are packaged with driver software which allows a user to "print" an electronic document to the fax modem, which then transmits the document in the same 25 manner as a paper fax machine. The fax machine at the other end of the connection may be either a paper fax machine or another fax modem. If the receiving machine is a fax modem, the receiving fax modem and computer typically store and convert the transmitted data into a 30 format that can be easily viewed or printed by a user, such as a GIF graphic file. Optical character recognition (OCR) software may also be used on the

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receiving computer to translate the incoming transmission into characters or other tokens that can be directly manipulated by word processing or other software.

These conventional approaches to transmitting,

5 receiving, and storing documents using fax machines
require the user to be in the physical presence of either
the sending or receiving machine to determine if a fax
has been received. When using a conventional fax modem
to receive fax transmissions, the receiving computer must
10 be in the physical proximity of the receiving fax modem
and must be connected to the receiving fax modem by a
direct communications link.

## Summary of the Invention

The present invention features a method and 15 apparatus for using a fax machine which is compatible with the World Wide Web (WWW) to store incoming faxes on a web site, from which the status and content of such faxes can be viewed from any location by any user with access to the site. The invention has the advantage of 20 allowing the user to determine if a fax has been received by monitoring a particular web site, without requiring that the user be in the physical proximity of the receiving fax machine. This is accomplished by posting incoming faxes or portions thereof to a web site which is 25 associated with the receiving fax machine. The user may view and/or download posted faxes and other information from the site by use of a web browser over a company intranet, for example, without needing to be in the physical vicinity of the receiving fax machine.

The web-compatible fax machine may be configured to post to the appropriate web site either the entire contents of a received fax or just the cover page. The web site which is used to store faxes received by the

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web-compatible fax machine may optionally be configured to limit user access by means of a password protection scheme. Faxes received using conventional fax machines can typically be viewed by anyone with physical access to the receiving fax machine. Using the web-compatible fax machine in conjunction with a password protection scheme can result in a higher level of transmission privacy and security than that obtained with conventional fax machines by limiting receipt of faxes to authorized users.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

FIG. 1 shows a configuration of the web-compatible fax machine in conjunction with other related components.

FIG. 2 shows a side view of an embodiment of the 15 web-compatible fax machine.

FIG. 3 is a diagram of the internal elements of an embodiment of the web-compatible fax machine.

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram of the main control logic of the web-compatible fax machine.

#### 20 <u>Detailed Description</u>

FIG. 1 shows a web-compatible fax machine configured according to the invention. A web-compatible fax machine 130 is connected both to a telecommunications network 120 by a phone line 125 and to the Internet 140 via a Local Area Network 195 or by some other means.

The fax machine 130 then posts appropriate information about the fax to the web site 150 which is associated with the fax machine 130. Each web-compatible fax machine 130 always posts fax information to the web site 150 with which it is associated A 'web site' is identified by a Uniform Resource Locator (URL). In the case of a web-compatible fax machine 130 which also acts as an HTTP server, the web site 150 may be hosted

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internally by the fax machine 130. The web site 150 may also be external to the fax machine 130, in which case the fax machine 130 and the web site 150 communicate using HTTP.

A computer 160 connected to the Internet 140 by a LAN 195 or some other means may access the web site 150 using conventional browser software. Optionally, the web site 150 may employ a password-protection scheme to limit access to authorized users. The computer is connected to 10 a monitor 180 or other display device and a printer 190 or other output device. Any number of other computers may also be connected to the Internet 140 and access the stored information from the web site 150. A computer 160 may also be connected to a web-compatible fax machine 130 15 over a local area network (LAN) 195.

As shown in FIG. 2, a web-compatible fax machine 130 has an optional paper input tray 210 which is used to feed paper to an internal automatic document feed mechanism. The machine 130 also has an optional paper 20 output tray 230 which can be used to print incoming The input tray 210 and output tray 230 allow the web-compatible fax machine 130 to be used in the same manner as a conventional fax machine.

The machine 130 also has an Ethernet connector 240 25 or other network connector by which the machine 130 can be connected to a LAN 195 or to a web server for access to the Internet 140. The machine 130 also has a fax phone input 250 and a modem phone input 260 which it can use to receive incoming faxes or data communications. 30 The machine optionally contains an internal hard disk

drive or other storage device 250 for storing incoming The machine also has an external front panel 240 by which a user can adjust various settings, such as the

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desired external web site for incoming faxes, and what information should be stored on the web site 150 (e.g., the entire document or only the cover page). The web-compatible fax machine may also be configured remotely in 5 response to HTTP and other commands. The web-compatible fax machine 130 has one or more processors 265 which it may use to convert faxes into formats appropriate for storage on a web site and to perform other tasks.

FIG. 3 illustrates a computer and computer 10 elements suitable for implementing the invention. Referring to FIG. 3, the invention may be implemented in digital electronic circuitry or in computer hardware, firmware, software, or in combinations of them. Apparatus of the invention may be implemented in a 15 computer program product tangibly embodied in a machinereadable storage device for execution by a computer processor; and method steps of the invention may be performed by a computer processor executing a program to perform functions of the invention by operating on input 20 data and generating output. Suitable processors 265 include, by way of example, both general and special purpose microprocessors. Generally, a processor 265 will receive instructions and data from a read-only memory 271 and/or a random access memory 269 over a CPU bus 275. A 25 computer can also receive programs and data from a storage medium such as an internal fixed hard disk 283 communicating through an appropriate interface 281 or a removable disk 279 communicating through an appropriate interface 277. Other storage devices suitable for 30 tangibly embodying computer program instructions include all forms of non-volatile memory, including by way of example semiconductor memory devices, such as EPROM. EEPROM, and flash memory devices; magneto-optical disks;

and CD-ROM disks. A computer also contains an I/O bus 275 for communication among various I/O devices.

Any of the foregoing may be supplemented by, or incorporated in, specially-designed ASICs (application-specific integrated circuits). Input devices include a keyboard, mouse, tablet, stylus and pad, and control panel 287.

These elements will be found in a conventional desktop or workstation computer 160 as well as other computer equipment suitable for executing computer programs implementing the methods described here, which may be used in conjunction with any digital print engine or marking engine, display monitor or display panel 285, or other raster output device capable of producing color or gray scale pixels on paper, film, display screen, or other output medium.

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram representing the main control loop of the web-compatible fax machine 130. The control logic will typically be programmed in the machine 130 in firmware. Typically, the machine 130 is also programmed with an HTTP daemon and HTTP protocol stack, which are used to send and receive requests using the HTTP protocol over the Internet 140, and other network protocols which allow the machine 130 to be accessible from a remote workstation 160 over a LAN 195.

The machine 130 responds to an interrupt indicating that a fax is being received from a fax machine 110 over the telecommunications network 120 (step 310). When the fax has been received, it is stored in the machine's 130 local memory (step 330). The machine then stores the fax in a database containing information about each received fax, including their names, locations on disk, and other management information (step 335).

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Next, the machine 130 converts the fax into a format appropriate for storage on a web site 150, such as Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF), described in Portable Document Format Reference Manual, Adobe Systems 5 Incorporated, Addison-Wesley, 1993 (step 340). Then the machine 130 transfers the appropriate HTML code to the web site 150 with which it is associated, according to the user-set configuration parameters (step 350). data may include the fax cover page, the entire contents 10 of the fax, or other information about the fax. code in which the data is contained will typically be embedded in the ROM of the fax machine. This HTML code defines the layout, style, and structure of the web pages associated with the fax machine. Minimally, each web-15 compatible fax machine will have associated with it a home page. The home page may represent an electronic 'in box', which lists all of the faxes received by the fax machine. The home page may also present a password challenge that the user must satisfy in order to gain 20 access to a second page representing the electronic in box. More than one in box may be associated with a given device, for those instances where the fax machine is actually a fax server maintaining multiple incoming fax phone lines.

An electronic in-box page will typically contain thumbnail representations of each fax currently stored on the fax machine. The thumbnail is a reduced size representation of the first page of the fax. Password security may be implemented either at the home page level, the electronic in box level, or both. Each thumbnail image is associated with an HTML anchor which, when activated by a single click shows a full-size representation of the first page or a cover page of the

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fax, and when activated by a double click causes the stored version of the fax to be downloaded to the user's web browser.

In the case of a fax machine 130 which serves as a 5 host for its associated web site 150, the fax machine may generate HTML code and appropriate HTTP responses on the fly in response to user requests, instead of posting HTML code to the web site 150 prior to user requests.

After processing the incoming fax, the fax machine 10 130 may remain idle until another incoming fax is received (step 310). Although a single control loop is shown in FIG. 4, multiple invocations of the process shown in FIG. 4 may be run in parallel or interleaved with each other to better accommodate multiple incoming 15 faxes.

After the incoming fax has been processed, a user may then use web browser software on a computer 160 connected to the Internet 140 over a LAN 195 or by other means to view the fax information on the web site 150.

20 When the user points the web browser at the URL or IP address associated with the fax machine 130, an HTTP transaction request is generated by the user's web browser. In the case where the fax machine 130 is also an HTTP server, the HTTP transaction request is sent to 25 the fax machine's HTTP daemon, which serves a reply to

the query, generally in the form of an HTML page description.

Although elements of the invention are described in terms of a software implementation, the invention may 30 be implemented in software, hardware, firmware, or any combination of them.

The present invention has been described in terms of an embodiment. The invention, however, is not limited

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to the embodiment depicted and described. Rather, the scope of the invention is defined by the claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

receiving an electronic facsimile document;
converting the document into a format appropriate
for storage at a web site identified by a Uniform
Resource Locator;

identifying a destination web site by a Uniform Resource Locator;

selecting information from the document; and
making the selected information available to a
user from the destination web site.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein: the selected information about the document is selected with reference to a setting with one or more 15 states.
  - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein: in one state of the setting, the selected information includes a first page of the document.
  - 4. The method of claim 2, wherein:
- in one state of the setting, the selected information is the entire content of the document.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein: the electronic facsimile document is originally received on a machine that includes the destination web 25 site.
  - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein:

    converting the document comprises converting the document into Adobe Portable Document Format.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising:
   preventing unauthorized access to the destination web site.

- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein:

  preventing unauthorized access to the destination
  web site comprises using a password-protection scheme.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein:
- 5 the destination web site is on a computer on a network.
  - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein: the network comprises the Internet.
  - 12. The method of claim 10, wherein:
- 10 the network comprises a local area network.
  - 13. The method of claim 10, wherein: the network comprises a wide area network.
  - 14. The method of claim 10, wherein: the electronic facsimile document is received by a
- 15 facsimile machine configured to communicate over the network with the computer.
  - 15. The method of claim 1, further comprising: sending from the destination web site to a user information derived from the selected information in
- 20 response to a request directed to the destination web site by the user.
  - 16. The method of claim 15, wherein: the information sent to the user comprises the selected information.
- 25 17. The method of claim 15, wherein:

  the information sent to the user comprises a
  thumbnail of a first page of the facsimile document.
- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein: the information sent to the user comprises a name 30 of the document.
  - 19. The method of claim 15, wherein: the information sent to the user comprises a size of the document.

- 20. The method of claim 15, wherein: the information sent to the user comprises a time of receipt of the document.
- 21. A method comprising:
  5 receiving an electronic facsimile document;
  converting the document into Adobe Portable
  Document Format;

identifying a destination location identified by a Uniform Resource Locator; and

- making the document in Adobe Portable Document Format available to a user accessing the destination location.
- 22. A method comprising: receiving an electronic facsimile document; converting the document into a format appropriate for storage at a location identified by a Uniform

selecting information from the document; storing the selected information at a location

- 20 identified by a Uniform Resource Locator; and sending to a user information derived from the selected information in response to a request by the user.
  - 23. The method of claim 22, wherein:

Resource Locator;

- 25 the selected information about the document is selected with reference to a setting with one or more states.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein: in one state of the setting, the selected 30 information includes a first page of the document.
  - 25. The method of claim 23, wherein:
    in one state of the setting, the selected
    information is the entire content of the document.

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- 26. The method of claim 22, wherein: sending the selected information to the user is performed by means of the HTTP protocol.
- 27. The method of claim 22, wherein:
- 5 converting the document comprises converting the document into Adobe Portable Document Format.
  - 28. The method of claim 22, further comprising: receiving authentication information from the user prior to receiving the user's request;
- evaluating the authentication information; and denying the user's request if the evaluation of the authentication information fails.
  - 29. The method of claim 28, wherein: the authentication information is a password.
- 15 30. The method of claim 22, wherein:
  the information sent to the user comprises HTML
  page description information.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein:
  the viewable page represented by the HTML page
  20 description information contains a first page of the
  facsimile document.
  - 32. The method of claim 30, wherein:
    the viewable page represented by the HTML page
    description information contains a name of the document.
- 25 33. The method of claim 30, wherein:
  the viewable page represented by the HTML page
  description information contains a size of the document.
  34. The method of claim 30, wherein:
- the viewable page represented by the HTML page 30 description information contains a time of receipt of the document.

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35. A method comprising:

receiving an electronic facsimile document; converting the document into Adobe Portable Document Format;

5 storing the document at a location identified by a Uniform Resource Locator; and

sending to a user the document in response to a request by the user.

- 36. An apparatus comprising:
- 10 means for receiving an electronic facsimile
   document;

means for converting the document into a format appropriate for storage at a location identified by a Uniform Resource Locator;

selection means for selecting information about the document; and

transmission means for transmitting the selected

- 20 information about the document to a requesting user.
  - 37. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein:

the selection means selects information about the document with reference to a setting with one or more states.

25 38. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein:

in one state of the setting, the selected information includes a first page of the document.

39. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein:

in one state of the setting, the selected

- 30 information is the entire content of the document.
  - 40. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein:

the transmission means transmits the selected information by means of the HTTP protocol.

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- 41. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein:
  the conversion means converts the document into
  Adobe Portable Document Format.
- 42. The apparatus of claim 36, further comprising: security means for preventing unauthorized access to the document.
- 43. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein:
  the security means uses a password-protection
  scheme to prevent unauthorized access to the document.
- 10 44. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein: the destination location is on a computer on a network.
  - 45. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein: the network comprises the Internet.

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- 15 46. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein: the network comprises a local area network.
  - 47. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein: the network comprises a wide area network.
  - 48. The apparatus of claim 44, wherein:
- the electronic facsimile document is received by a facsimile machine configured to communicate over the network with the computer.
- 49. An apparatus comprising: means for receiving an electronic facsimile 25 document; and
- means for converting the document into Adobe Portable Document Format: and

means for identifying a destination web site identified by a Uniform Resource Locator; and

- means for transmitting the document to the destination web site using the HTTP protocol.
  - 50. An apparatus comprising:

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means for receiving an electronic facsimile
document;

means for converting the document into a format appropriate for storage at a location identified by a 5 Uniform Resource Locator;

means for selecting information from the document;

means for storing the selected information at a
location identified by a Uniform Resource Locator;

means for sending to a user information derived

from the selected information in response to a request by

- 51. The apparatus of claim 50, wherein:

  the selection means selects information about the document with reference to a setting with one or more

  15 states.
  - 52. The apparatus of claim 51, wherein:
    in one state of the setting, the selected
    information includes a first page of the document.
  - 53. The apparatus of claim 51, wherein:

the user.

- in one state of the setting, the selected information is the entire content of the document.
  - 54. The apparatus of claim 50, wherein: sending the selected information to the user is performed by means of the HTTP protocol.
- 25 55. The apparatus of claim 50, wherein:
  the conversion means converts the document into
  Adobe Portable Document Format.
  - 56. The apparatus of claim 50, further comprising: means for receiving authentication information
- 30 from the user prior to receiving the user's request;
  means for evaluating the authentication
  information; and

means for denying the user's request if the evaluation of the authentication information fails.

- 57. The apparatus of claim 56, wherein: the authentication information is a password.
- 5 58. The apparatus of claim 50, wherein:
  the information sent to the user comprises HTML page description information.
  - 59. The apparatus of claim 58, wherein: the viewable page represented by the HTML page
- 10 description information includes a thumbnail of a first page of the facsimile document.
  - 60. The apparatus of claim 58, wherein:
    the viewable page represented by the HTML page
    description information contains a name of the document.
- 15 61. The apparatus of claim 58, wherein:

  the viewable page represented by the HTML page
  description information contains a size of the document.

  62. The apparatus of claim 58, wherein:
- the viewable page represented by the HTML page 20 description information contains a time of receipt of the document.
  - 63. An apparatus comprising:

    means for receiving an electronic facsimile
    document in a web-compatible facsimile machine;
- 25 means for converting the document into Adobe Portable Document Format;

means for storing the document in the webcompatible facsimile machine at a location identified by a Uniform Resource Locator; and

means for sending to a user the document in response to a request by the user.

1/4 100 -FIG. 1 150 Web Site 110 Fax machine 140 Internet 120 **Telecommunications Network** 125 195 Local Area Network 130 180 Monitor 190 160 Computer Printer

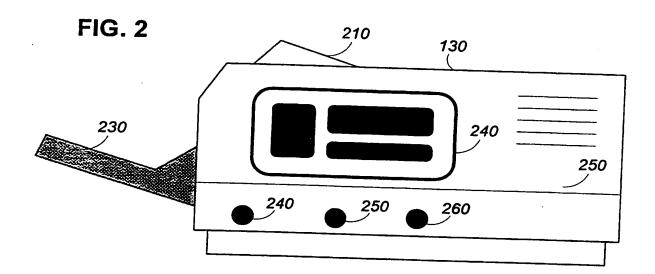


FIG. 3

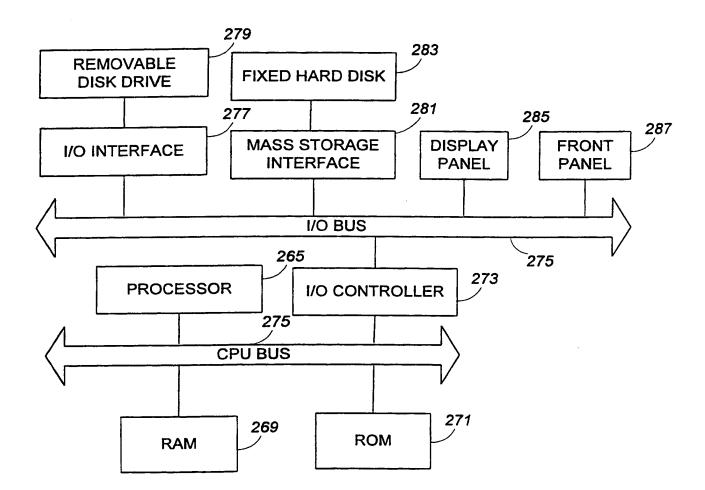
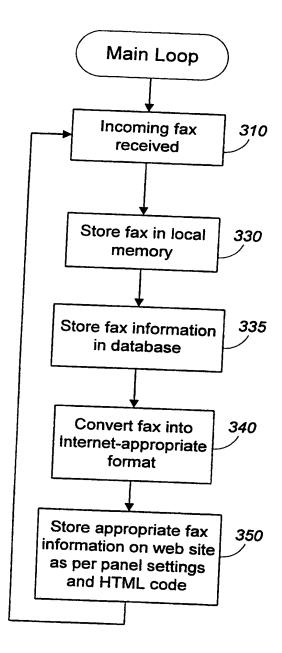


FIG. 4



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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US98/12515

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C. DO	CUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVA	NT		
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				Relevant to claim No.
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	r documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C. See patent fami	ly annex.	
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